

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Sodium Molybdate Dihydrate Other Names Disodium molybdate [CAS#7631-95-0]

Uses Water treatment; Automotive industry; Corrosion inhibitor; Metal productions; Micronutrient fertiliser.

Chemical Family No Data Available **Chemical Formula** Na2MoO4.2H2O

Chemical Name Molybdate, disodium, dihydrate

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Pty Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Pty Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Level 2, No. 8, Jalan Sapir 33/7 Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park 40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Globally Harmonised System

Corporate Office Sydney Locked Bag 15 Minto NSW 2566 Australia 2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia All Deliveries: 4 Holmes Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia

E-mail

Phone +61 2 9733 3000 +61 2 9733 3111 svdnev@redox.com www.redox.com 92 000 762 345

Adelaide Brisbane Melbourne Perth Sydney

Auckland Hawke's Bay London

Kuala Lumpur Los Angeles Oakland Mexico



Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium molybdate, dihydrate	Na2MoO4.2H2O	10102-40-6	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head

lower than hips to prevent aspiration. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally Eye

lifting the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention or consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes and wash before reuse.

If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory

symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing - Administer oxygen if

breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Medical Conditions Aggravated

by Exposure

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or eye problems or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to

the effects of the substance.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is

out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible; Material does not burn.

Extinguishing Media Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Not considered to be a fire hazard. Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Toxic metal fumes may form when heated to decomposition. Under fire conditions hazardous decomposition

products formed include Sodium oxides, Molybdenum oxides.

Special Fire Fighting

Instructions

Contain runoff from fire control water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform

may provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit**

Upper Explosion LimitNo Data AvailableAuto Ignition TemperatureNo Data AvailableHazchem CodeNo Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing

dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Collect material and place in suitable clean, dry containers for reclamation or later disposal (see SECTION 13).

Vacuum wet to avoid dust generation.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Evacuation Criteria

Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as

required (see SECTION 8).

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from

physical damage. Protect from moisture. Keep away from excess heat. Keep away from food/feedstuffs, beverages

and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product

residues; observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard for Molybdenum, insoluble compounds (as Mo): TWA = 10 mg/m3. - Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard for Molybdenum, soluble compounds (as Mo): TWA = 5 mg/m3.

Exposure Limits

No Data Available

Biological Limits

No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the airborne exposure

limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its

source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if an inhalation risk exists.

Recommended: Dust protection mask (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Tightly sealed goggles.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Protective gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended:

Protective work clothing, e.g. boots, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystals, scales or flakes

OdourOdourlessColourWhite

рΗ No Data Available **Vapour Pressure** No Data Available **Relative Vapour Density** No Data Available **Boiling Point** No Data Available 686 - 687 °C **Melting Point Freezing Point** No Data Available Solubility Soluble in water **Specific Gravity** No Data Available Flash Point No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available No Data Available **Corrosion Rate**

Decomposition TemperatureNo Data AvailableDensity3.78 g/cm3Specific HeatNo Data Available

Net Propellant WeightNo Data AvailableOctanol Water CoefficientNo Data AvailableParticle SizeNo Data AvailablePartition CoefficientNo Data AvailableSaturated Vapour ConcentrationNo Data AvailableVapour TemperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data Available

VOC VolumeNo Data AvailableAdditional CharacteristicsNo information available.Potential for Dust ExplosionNo information available.

Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics

Molecular Weight

Volatile Percent

No information available.

241.95 g/mol

0 % @ 21 °C

Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or

Contribute to Fire Intensity

Non-combustible; Material does not burn.

Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours

Toxic metal fumes may form when heated to decomposition. Under fire conditions hazardous decomposition products formed include Sodium oxides, Molybdenum oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Explodes on contact with molten magnesium. Violent reaction with interhalogens (e.g. bromine pentafluoride; chlorine

General Information trifluoride). Incandescent reaction with hot sodium, potassium or lithium.

Chemical StabilityStable under recommended storage conditions.Conditions to AvoidAvoid generating dust. Keep away from excess heat.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, alkali metals, most common metals.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Toxic metal fumes may form when heated to decomposition. Under fire conditions hazardous decomposition

products formed include Sodium oxides, Molybdenum oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea and abdominal pain.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not irritating to skin (Rabbits) [CAS#7631-95-0; OECD TG 404]. Thus, chemical is considered to be non-irritant.
- Eye damage/irritation: Not irritating to eyes (Rabbits) [CAS#7631-95-0; OECD TG 405]. Thus, chemical is considered to be non-irritant. Exposure to the dust may cause discomfort/physical irritation to the eyes.
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not sensitizing (Guinea pigs) [CAS#7631-95-0; OECD TG 406]. Since the test animals failed to induce any cutaneous reaction, the test chemical is considered as not sensitizing.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Non-mutagenic. On the basis of a weight of evidence approach of read across analogues, test chemical Disodium molybdate (CAS#7631-95-0) was reported to be non-mutagenic. was reported to be non-mutagenic.
- Carcinogenicity: Not listed as carcinogenic according to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
- Reproductive toxicity: Non-reprotoxic [CAS#7631-95-0; OECD TG 416].
- STOT (single exposure): Breathing in dust may result in respiratory irritation, coughing, shortness of breath.
- STOT (repeated exposure): High levels of molybdenum can cause joint problems in the hands and feet with pain and lameness. Molybdenum compounds can also cause liver changes with elevated levels of enzymes and cause over-activity of the thyroid gland. A generalised feeling of unwellness can occur, with tiredness, weakness, diarrhoea, loss of appetite and weight.
- Aspiration toxicity: Not an aspiration hazard.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat (male/female): 4,233 mg/kg bw. [OECD TG 401].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rat (male/female): >2,000 mg/kg bw. [OECD TG 402].

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rat (male/female): >1.93 mg/l [OECD TG 403].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

LC50, Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 1,320 mg/l (96 h) [CAS#10102-40-6; OECD TG 203].
LC50, Fish (Pimephales Promelas): 609.1 mg/l (96 h) [CAS#10102-40-6; OECD TG 203].
EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 2,847.5 mg/l (48 h) [CAS#7631-95-0; ASTM guideline].

- EC50, Algae/aquatic plants (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): >218 mg/l (72 h) [CAS#10102-40-6; OECD TG 201].

Persistence/Degradability

Biodegradation is not applicable to metals/inorganic substances. No information available.

Mobility No information available

Environmental Fate Slightly hazardous for water - Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water

course or sewage system.

Bioaccumulation Potential Non-bioaccumulative.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options.

Special Precautions for Land Fill

Contaminated packaging: Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues - Observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product. Do not reuse container.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

UN Number

Proper Shipping Name Sodium molybdate, dihydate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

No Data Available

HazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Sodium molybdate, dihydate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Sodium molybdate, dihydate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Sodium molybdate, dihydate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Sodium molybdate, dihydate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Sodium molybdate, dihydate

ClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

 Dangerous Goods Classification
 NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General InformationNo Data AvailablePoisons Schedule (Aust)Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AICS) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 600-158-6

Europe (REACh)Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Revision

Key/Legend

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes SOMOLY0100, SOMOLY0300, SOMOLY0400, SOMOLY0500, SOMOLY0700, SOMOLY0701, SOMOLY0702,

SOMOLY0703, SOMOLY0800, SOMOLY0801, SOMOLY0802, SOMOLY0803, SOMOLY0804, SOMOLY0805, SOMOLY0806, SOMOLY0807, SOMOLY0808, SOMOLY0809, SOMOLY0810, SOMOLY0811, SOMOLY0812, SOMOLY0813, SOMOLY0814, SOMOLY0815, SOMOLY0816, SOMOLY0817, SOMOLY0818, SOMOLY0819,

SOMOLY0813, SOMOLY0814, SOMOLY0815, SOMOLY0816, SOMOLY0817, SOMOLY0818, SOMOLY0819, SOMOLY0820, SOMOLY0821, SOMOLY0822, SOMOLY0823, SOMOLY0824, SOMOLY0825, SOMOLY0826,

SOMOLY0827, SOMOLY0828, SOMOLY0829, SOMOLY0830, SOMOLY0900, SOMOLY0901, SOMOLY1000, SOMOLY1001, SOMOLY1002, SOMOLY1003, SOMOLY1004, SOMOLY1005, SOMOLY1006, SOMOLY1007, SOMOLY1007, SOMOLY1008, SOMO

SOMOLY1008, SOMOLY1009, SOMOLY1010, SOMOLY1011, SOMOLY1012, SOMOLY1013, SOMOLY1014, SOMOLY1015, SOMOLY1016, SOMOLY1017, SOMOLY1018, SOMOLY1019, SOMOLY1021,

SOMOLY1100, SOMOLY1101, SOMOLY1300, SOMOLY1301, SOMOLY1500, SOMOLY1600, SOMOLY1700, SOMOLY1800, SOMOLY1801, SOMOLY1802, SOMOLY1803, SOMOLY1804, SOMOLY1805, SOMOLY1806,

SOMOLY1807, SOMOLY1808, SOMOLY1809, SOMOLY1810, SOMOLY1811, SOMOLY1812, SOMOLY1813, SOMOLY1814, SOMOLY1900, SOMOLY2000, SOMOLY2100, SOMOLY2200, SOMOLY2500, SOMOLY2501,

SOMOLY2900, SOMOLY3000, SOMOLY3100, SOMOLY3101, SOMOLY3500, SOMOLY4000, SOMOLY4001, SOMOLY4001, SOMOLY4100, SOMOLY4101, SOMOLY4101, SOMOLY4200, SOMOLY4300, SOMOLY4500, SOMOLY

SOMOLY4001, SOMOLY4002, SOMOLY4100, SOMOLY4101, SOMOLY4200, SOMOLY4300, SOMOLY4500, SOMOLY5000, SOMOLY5001, SOMOLY5500, SOMOLY6100, SOMOLY6101, SOMOLY6500, SOMOLY6600,

SOMOLY6700, SOMOLY6701, SOMOLY7100, SOMOLY7250, SOMOLY7300, SOMOLY7400, SOMOLY7500, SOMOLY7600, SOMOLY7700, SOMOLY7701, SOMOLY7800, SOMOLY8000, SOMOLY8100, SOMOLY8600,

SOMOLY9000, SOMOLY9100, SOMOLY9500, SOMOLY9600, SOMOLY9601, SOMOLY9700, SOMOLY9900

Revision Date 19 Mar 2021

Less Than
Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

deg C (°C) Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight